The great leap

MODELLING OF DIVING SPRINGBOARDS
British Swimming / Sheffield Hallam University

The need

British Swimming wish to optimise the use of springboards during dives. The material stiffness of the board is fixed, while the length can be altered by moving the board’s main pivot point. The optimum dive can be achieved by setting the board oscillating during the ‘hurdle-step’ along the board and then timing the final jump at the end of the board to give the required linear and angular momentum at takeoff.

Based on experience, coaches currently have a qualitative method for assessing their divers during a performance. Combining this with a quantitative springboard model can provide coaches and divers with the opportunity to produce better results and to better assess reasons for variation in performance.

The outcomes

The collaborating university, Sheffield Hallam University, undertook a project on the ‘Modelling of diving springboards’ to create an integrated modelling environment for the optimisation of positions, velocities and accelerations of a springboard due to different inputs such as applied force, diver mass, fulcrum settings for simulated dives.

This internship project embedded novel models of springboards from classic beam theory, finite elements theory and computer vision methods. All these elements have been used to implement a model to analyse the most important parameters during a takeoff diving performance.

The project has provided Sheffield Hallam University with the ability to simulate dives and compare them with reality. This capability is intended for use by diving coaches during training sessions to be able to check how a dive could be improved.

“We have seen some intriguing results from this project which has challenged some of our fundamental thinking in coaching in diving. We now want to take more video to corroborate this new thinking.”

Adam Sotheran, British Swimming coach
**Technical summary**

Currently, several types of springboards can be found in the market [4]. It was decided to study and model ‘Maxiflex Model B’ because this one is used in the official diving competitions and it was possible to make experiments with them at Pond’s Forge International Swimming Pool in Sheffield.

Two different approaches were taken for developing the springboard model. The first was based on developing second order systems with 3 parameters: stiffness, equivalent mass and damping coefficient [1, 2, 3]. The second was based on developing a bidimensional finite element model using the geometrical and material properties of the springboard [1].

In order to calculate and validate the models, experimental data was required and experiments were carried out using a ‘Maxiflex Model B’ in the dry facility at Pond’s Forge.

A Phantom v4 high speed video was used to film the experiments and an auto tracker system was developed to collect the required springboard positions. Data was used for calculating parameters in the first model and for validating the second one. Both models were developed using Matlab, Simulink and SimMechanics [5].

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...a great experience to take my research and contextualise it with diving coaches like Adam Sotheran…the developed model [will] improve the research in my PhD…I’m better prepared for dealing with complicated mechanical models…I’m grateful to the University and British Swimming for giving me this opportunity.”

José Luis Gómez Esteve, Sheffield Hallam University

...We realised that we didn’t understand the bounce of the springboard well enough…José and British Swimming did a great job in providing…enough videos and information for analysis. This then allowed the models to progress through to a conclusion where they now are making predictions that may help our divers at London 2012.”

Steve Haake
Sheffield Hallam University

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**Project Details**

**Partners**
British Swimming
Sheffield Hallam University

**Project investment**
£12,000

**Intern**
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